



19-FEB-1998-0690

McNMcNEIL CONSUMER P
FORT WASHINGTON

Page



3031776-6-00

A. Patient information				C. Suspect medication(s)			
1. Patient identifier Case 185 In confidence	2. Age at time of event: or Date of birth: 24 yrs	3. Sex () female (X) male	4. Weight unk lbs or kgs	1. Name (give labeled strength & mfr/labeler, if known) #1 unknown acetaminophen product #2			
B. Adverse event or product problem				2. Dose, frequency & route used: #1 "supratherapeutic doses" #2			
1. X Adverse event and/or Product problem (e.g., defects/malfunctions)				3. Therapy dates (if unknown, give duration from/to for best estimate): #1 4 days #2			
2. Outcomes attributed to adverse event (check all that apply): () death (mc/day/yr) unknown () life threatening (X) hospitalization - initial or prolonged () disability () congenital anomaly () required intervention to prevent permanent impairment/damage () other:				4. Diagnosis for use (indication) #1 unknown #2			
3. Date of event unknown (mc/day/yr)				5. Lot # (if known) #1 Unknown #2		6. Exp. date (if known) #1 Unknown #2	
4. Date of this report 02/06/98 (mc/day/yr)				5. Event abated after use stopped or dose reduced #1 () Yes () No (X) N/A #2 () Yes () No () N/A			
5. Describe event or problem Case # 185 received from the [redacted] 1996 case fatality data. See attached case report form provided by [redacted]				8. Event reappeared after reintroduction #1 () Yes () No (X) N/A #2 () Yes () No () N/A			
6. Relevant tests/laboratory data, including dates See attached case report form provided by [redacted]				9. NDC # - for product problems only (if known) -			
7. Other relevant history, including preexisting medical conditions (e.g., allergies, race, pregnancy, smoking and alcohol use, hepatic/renal dysfunction, etc.) See attached case report form provided by [redacted]				10. Concomitant medical products and therapy dates (exclude treatment of event): See attached case report form provided by [redacted]			
G. All manufacturers							
1. Contact office - name/address (& mfring site for devices) McNeil Consumer Products Company Medical Affairs 7050 Camp Hill Road Ft. Washington, PA 19034						2. Phone number 215-233-7820	
4. Date received by manufacturer (mc/day/yr) 01/30/98						3. Report source (check all that apply): () foreign () study (X) literature () consumer (X) health professional () user facility () company representative () distributor () other:	
6. If IND, protocol #						(A) NDA # 17-552 IND # PLA # pre-1938 () Yes OTC product (X) Yes	
7. Type of report (check all that apply) () 5-day (X) 15-day () 10-day () periodic (X) Initial () follow-up #						8. Adverse event term(s) OVERDOSE INTENT LIVER FUNC ABNO ACIDOSIS PROTHROMBIN INC INFECTION KIDNEY FAILURE EDEMA BRAIN DEATH	
9. Mfr. report number 0929363A						E. Initial reporter	
1. Name, address & phone # [redacted] MD [redacted] Centers Suite [redacted] Avenue [redacted]						2. Health professional? (X) Yes () No	
3. Occupation physician						4. Initial reporter also sent report to FDA () Yes () No (X) Unk	



Facsimile Form 3500A

Submission of a report does not constitute an admission that medical personnel, user facility, distributor, manufacturer or product caused or contributed to the event.

FATALITY: 1996

Case Number: **185**

Age: 24 yrs

Substances: Acetaminophen

Chronicity: Chronic

Route: Ingestion

Reason: Int Unknown

Pre-Hospital Arrest? No

A 24-year-old male with a history of intravenous cocaine abuse and alcohol abuse presented with an altered mental status. It was believed that the patient was ingesting supratherapeutic doses of acetaminophen for four days but the exact amount ingested or the reason for the ingestion were unknown. At presentation the patient had an acetaminophen level of 52 mcg/ml, an aspartate aminotransferase of 14,642 IU/L, an alanine aminotransferase of 24,000, a total bilirubin of 7.6 mg/dL, a serum creatinine of 4.2 mg/dL, a blood urea nitrogen of 36 mg/dL, a serum bicarbonate of 6 mg/dL and a prothrombin time of 37.6 seconds with an international normalized ratio of 9.6. Urine toxicologic screening was positive for acetaminophen, cocaine, pseudoephedrine, diphenhydramine, phenteramine and diphenhydrol. Blood cultures from two separate sites drawn on presentation grew out *Escherichia coli* and sputum cultures grew out *Streptococcus pneumoniae*. The patient was started on N-acetylcysteine (NAC) therapy. Despite treatment with NAC the patient continued to deteriorate. His renal insufficiency progressed to oliguric renal failure for which he was dialyzed. His mental status continued to deteriorate and a head CT revealed cerebral edema. The patient died 6 days after admission.